



USER GUIDE & INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Leckford Deluxe 110 Induction

U111073-03a

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1. Before you start...

Your cooker should give you many years of trouble-free cooking if installed and operated correctly. It is important that you read this section before you start.

Personal safety

This appliance is for cooking purposes only. It must not be used for other purposes, for example heating a room. Using it for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim. Besides invalidating claims this wastes fuel and may overheat the control knobs.

- This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved.
- WARNING: Children *less* than 8 years of age should be kept away unless continuously supervised. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.
- The cooker should not be placed on a base.
- This appliance is designed for domestic cooking only. Use for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim.
- Before operating the oven(s) please refer to the oven shelf installation, in the Accessories section, of the instructions.
- WARNING: The appliance and its accessible parts become hot during use and will retain heat even after you have stopped cooking. Care should be taken to avoid touching heating elements. Children less than 8 years of age shall be kept away unless continuously supervised.

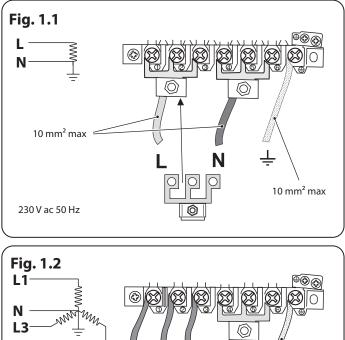
- **CAUTION:** A long term cooking process has to be supervised from time to time. A short term cooking process has to be supervised continuously.
- **WARNING:** Danger of fire: DO NOT store items on the cooking surfaces.
- To avoid overheating, **DO NOT** install the cooker behind a decorative door.
- WARNING: Accessible parts will become hot during use and will retain heat even after you have stopped cooking. Keep babies and children away from the cooker and never wear loose-fitting or hanging clothes when using the appliance.
- **DO NOT** use a steam cleaner on your cooker.
- **ALWAYS** keep combustible materials, e.g. curtains, and flammable liquids a safe distance away from your cooker.
- **DO NOT** spray aerosols in the vicinity of the cooker while it is on.
- **NEVER** try to extinguish a fire with water, but switch off the appliance and then cover flame e.g. with a lid or a fire blanket.

Electrical connection safety

This cooker must be installed in accordance with the relevant instructions in this booklet, with the relevant national and local regulations, and with the local electricity supply companies' requirements.

WARNING: THE APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

Note: The cooker must be connected to the correct electrical supply as stated on the voltage label on the cooker, through a suitable cooker control unit incorporating a double-pole switch, having a contact separation of at least 3 mm in all poles.



L2

3N ac

6 mm² max

6 mm² max L1 L2 L3 Ν ⊥ 6 mm² max 230/400 V 50 Hz 人

The cooker MUST NOT be connected to an ordinary domestic power point.

Access to the mains terminal is gained by removing the electrical terminal cover box on the back panel. Connect the mains cable to the correct terminals for your electrical supply type (Fig. 1.1 and Fig. 1.2). Check that the links are correctly fitted and that the terminal screws are tight. Secure the mains cable using the cable clamp.

Minimum temperature rating T105

Read the instructions before installing or using this appliance.

- This appliance is heavy so take care when moving it.
- The cable size and type should be suitable for the Electrical Load of the appliance and comply with the relevant national and local requirements.
- The cooker may be installed in a kitchen/ kitchen diner but **NOT** in a room containing a bath or shower.
- The cooker MUST NOT be connected to an ordinary domestic power point.
- It is normal for the hob control display to flash for about 2 seconds during first power setting.
- Set the clock to make sure that the oven is functional – see the relevant section in this manual.
- The appliance must be installed in accordance with the regulations in force and only in a well ventilated space.
- Failure to install the appliance correctly could invalidate any warranty or liability claims and lead to prosecution.
- **DO NOT** install the appliance on a platform.
- **DO NOT** manouvre the cooker while it is plugged into the electricity supply.

• Before electrical reconnection, check that the appliance is electrically safe.

Peculiar smells

When you first use your cooker it may give off an odour. This should stop after use.

Before using your cooker for the first time, make sure that all packing materials have been removed and then, to dispel manufacturing odours, turn all the ovens to 200°C and run for at least an hour.

Before using the grill for the first time you should also turn on the grill and run for 30 minutes with the grill pan in position, pushed fully back and the grill door open.

Make sure the room is well ventilated to the outside air (see 'Ventilation' below). People with respiratory or allergy problems should vacate the area for this brief period.

After the appliance has cooled, wipe down enamel and glass surfaces with a clean, lint free damp cloth.

Ventilation

The use of a cooking appliance results in the production of heat and moisture in the room in which it is installed. Make sure that the kitchen is well ventilated. Keep natural ventilation holes open or install a powered cooker hood that vents outside.

Prolonged intensive use of the appliance may call for additional ventilation, for example opening a window, or more effective ventilation, for example increasing the level of mechanical ventilation where present.

Maintenance

- Only a qualified service engineer should service the appliance and only approved spare parts should be used. It is recommended that this appliance is serviced annually.
- **WARNING:** Before removing replacing the bulb, turn off the power supply and

make sure that the oven is cool.

- **DO NOT** use cooking vessels on the hotplate that overlap the edges.
- ALWAYS allow the cooker to cool and then switch it off at the mains before cleaning or carrying out any maintenance work, unless specified otherwise in this guide.
- **DO NOT** use the control knobs to manoeuvre the cooker.
- **NEVER** operate the cooker with wet hands.
- **DO NOT** use a towel or other bulky cloth in place of a glove – it might catch fire if brought into contact with a hot surface.
- **DO NOT** use hotplate protectors, foil or hotplate covers of any description. These may affect the safe use of your hotplate burners and are potentially hazardous to health.
- **NEVER** heat unopened food containers. Pressure build up may make the containers burst and cause injury.
- WARNING: Use only hob guards designed by the manufacturer of the cooking appliance or indicated by the manufacturer of the appliance in the instructions for use as suitable or hob guards incorporated in the appliance. The use of inappropriate guards can cause accidents.
- **DO NOT** use unstable saucepans. **ALWAYS** make sure that you position the handles away from the edge of the hotplate.
- **NEVER** leave the hotplate unattended at high heat settings. Pans boiling over can cause smoking, and greasy spills may catch on fire. Use a deep fat thermometer whenever possible to prevent fat overheating beyond the smoking point.
- **WARNING:** Unattended cooking on a hob with fat or oil can be dangerous and may result in fire.

- **NEVER** leave a chip pan unattended.
- **ALWAYS** heat fat slowly, and watch as it heats. Deep fry pans should be only one third full of fat.
- **NEVER** try to move a pan of hot fat, especially a deep fat fryer. Wait until the fat is cool. Filling the pan too full of fat can cause spill over when food is added. If you use a combination of oils or fats in frying, stir them together before heating, or as the fats melt.
- Foods for frying should be as dry as possible. Frost on frozen foods or moisture on fresh foods can cause hot fat to bubble up and over the sides of the pan. Carefully watch for spills or overheating of foods when frying at high or medium high temperatures.
- **DO NOT** use the top of the flue (the slots along the back of the cooker) for warming plates, dishes, drying tea towels or softening butter.
- **DO NOT** use water on grease fires and never pick up a flaming pan. Turn the controls off and then smother a flaming pan on a surface unit by covering the pan completely with a well fitting lid or baking tray. If available, use a multi-purpose dry chemical or foam-type fire extinguisher.
- **DO NOT** modify this appliance. This appliance is not intended to be operated by means of external timer or separated remote-control system.
- If flammable materials are stored in the drawer, oven(s) or grill(s) it may explode and result in fire or property damage.
- ALWAYS allow any cookware to cool before cleaning.

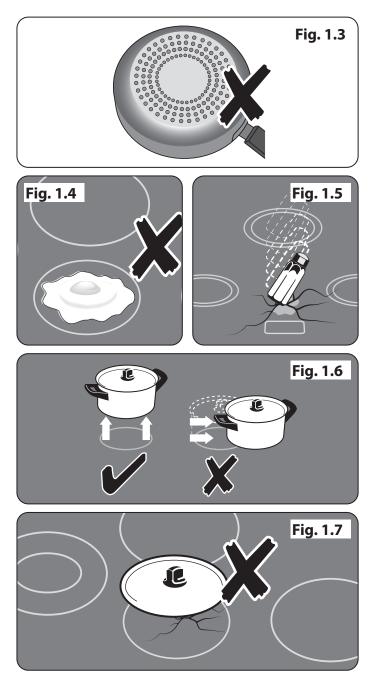
Induction care

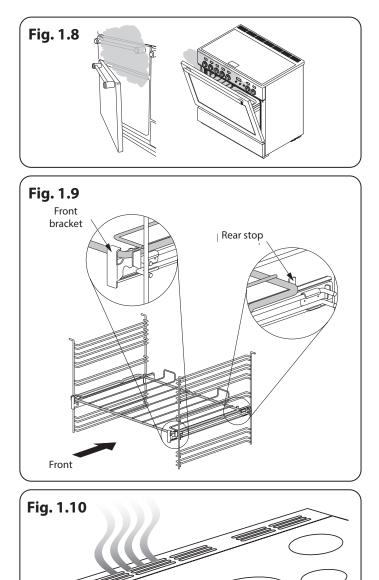
IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR
 PACEMAKER AND IMPLANTED
 INSULIN PUMP USERS: The functions

of this hob comply with the applicable European standards on electromagnetic interference. If you are fitted with a pacemaker or implanted insulin pump and are concerned please consult your doctor for medical advice.

- When the hob is in use keep magnetic items away, such as credit and debit cards, floppy disk, calculators, etc.
- To fully utilise the power of your induction hob and to ensure longevity of performance, we recommend the use of AGA Rangemaster Induction cookware. If you decide to purchase an alternative set of cookware for use on your induction cooker, we would strongly recommend that composite aluminium cookware with steel inserts, example shown Fig.
 1.3, are avoided. This type of construction can significantly reduce the lifetime and performance of your induction cook top.
- Take care when touching the marked cooking areas of the hob.
- Use adequately sized pans with flat bottoms that are large enough to cover the surface of the hotplate heating area. The use of undersized pans will expose a portion of the surface unit to direct contact and may result in the ignition of clothing.
- Only certain types of glass, glass-ceramic, earthenware or other glazed containers are suitable for use on the warming zone; others may break because of the sudden change in temperature.
- Only certain types of stainless steel, enamelled steel or cast iron cookware with enamelled bases are suitable for induction hob cooking.

- Take care **NOT** to scratch the surface when placing cookware on the glass panel.
- Only certain types of glass, glass-ceramic, earthenware or other glazed containers are suitable for hotplate cooking; others may break because of the sudden change in temperature. **NEVER** cook directly on the hob surface (**Fig. 1.4**).
- **DO NOT** leave the hob zones switched on unless being used for cooking.
- **DO NOT** stand or rest heavy objects on the hob. Although the ceramic surface is very strong, a sharp blow or sharp falling object (e.g. a salt cellar) might cause the surface to crack or break (**Fig. 1.5**).
- WARNING: Should a crack appear in the surface, disconnect the appliance immediately from the supply and arrange for its repair.
- ALWAYS LIFT cookware off the hob. Sliding the griddle plate or pans may cause marks and scratches (Fig. 1.6).
- Take care NOT TO PLACE HOT LIDS onto the hob surface (Fig. 1.7). Lids that have been used to cover a hot pan can "stick" or create a "vacuum" effect to the Glass Hob. Should this occur, DO NOT attempt to lift the lid off the glass surface, this may damage the glass. Instead slide the lid to the edge of the hob surface and remove, taking care not to scratch the hob surface. Alternatively wait until the lid has cooled to room temperature, the vacuum has been released, then remove the lid by lifting it from the hob surface.
- **DO NOT** place anything between the base of the pan and the hob surface (e.g. asbestos mats, aluminium foil, wok stand).
- Take care **NOT** to place metallic objects such as knives, forks, spoons and lids on the hob surface since they can get hot.





- We recommend that you avoid wiping any surface unit areas until they have cooled and the indicator light has gone off. Sugar spills are the exception to this (see 'Cleaning your Cooker'). After cleaning, use a dry cloth or paper towel to remove any cleaning cream residue.
- The ceramic surface should be washed after use in order to prevent it from becoming scratched or dirty. However, you should clean the hob with caution as some cleaners can produce noxious fumes if applied to a hot surface.
- **DO NOT** leave the hob unattended. Care should be taken to not allow your cookware to boil dry. It will damage your cookware and Induction Glass Hob.
- After use, switch off the hob element by its control. **DO NOT** rely on the pan detector.

Pan Performance Check

Method:

Use a 1.85 Kw zone (centre zone on Rangemaster models, refer to manual for ratings of each zone).

- Fill an unlidded pan with 1/2 litre of room temperature water (the diameter of pan should not be greater than the outer circle of the zone).
- Operate the zone at power level 9.
- The water should boil within 3 $\ensuremath{^{1\!\!2}}$ minutes.

Boiling times outside this duration would suggest that the pan construction is not ideal to provide best performance and can result in premature component failure.

Oven care

- When the oven is not in use and before attempting to clean the appliance
 ALWAYS be certain that the control knobs are in the OFF position.
- Use oven gloves to protect your hand from potential burns.
- Cooking high moisture content foods can create a 'steam burst' when the oven door is opened (Fig. 1.8). When opening the oven, stand well back and allow any steam to disperse.
- The inside door face is constructed with toughened safety glass. Take care **NOT** to scratch the surface when cleaning the glass panel.
- Accidental damage may cause the door glass panel to fracture.
- Keep oven vent ducts unobstructed.
- **DO NOT** use harsh abrasive cleaners or sharp metal scrapers to clean the oven door glass since they can scratch the surface, which may result in shattering of the glass.
- Make sure the shelves are pushed firmly to the back of the oven. **DO NOT** close the door against the oven shelves.
- **DO NOT** use aluminium foil to cover shelves, linings or the oven roof.
- When the oven is on, **DO NOT** leave the oven door open for longer than necessary, otherwise the control knobs may become very hot.
- **DO NOT** use the timed oven if the adjoining oven is already warm.
- **DO NOT** place warm food in the oven to be timed.
- **DO NOT** use a timed oven that is already warm.

• Use dry oven gloves when applicable – using damp gloves might result in steam burns when you touch a hot surface.

Oven Shelves (dependant on model)

To fit the glide-out shelf, hook the front of the shelf onto the runners as shown (**Fig. 1.9**). The rear of the shelf should rest on the runners, in front of the rear stop (**Fig. 1.9**).

Standard oven shelves can be fitted by lining up the shelf with a groove in the oven ladders. Push the shelf back until the ends hit the shelf stop. Lift the front so the shelf clears the stops, then lower the front so the shelf is level and push it fully back.

Hob care

- **NEVER** allow anyone to climb or stand on the hob.
- **DO NOT** use the hob surface as a cutting board.
- **DO NOT** leave utensils, foodstuffs or combustible items on the hob when it is not in use (e.g. tea towels, frying pans containing oil).
- **DO NOT** place plastic or aluminium foil, or plastic containers on the hob.
- **ALWAYS** turn the control to the **OFF** position before removing a pan.
- Avoid heating an empty pan. Doing so may damage both the hob and pan.

Cooker care

As steam can condense to water droplets on the cool outer trim of the oven, it may be necessary during cooking to wipe away any moisture with a soft cloth. This will also help to prevent soiling and discolouration of the oven exterior by cooking vapours (**Fig. 1.10**).

Grill/glide-out grill™ care

WARNING: Unattended cooking under the grill can be dangerous and may result in fire.

- When using the grill, make sure that the grill pan is in position and pushed fully in, otherwise the control knobs may become very hot.
- **DO NOT** leave the grill on for more than a few moments without the grill pan underneath it, otherwise the knobs may become hot.
- **NEVER** close the grill door when the grill is on.
- Accessible parts may be hot when the grill is in use. Young children should be kept away.

Cooling fan

This appliance may have a cooling fan. When the grill or oven is in operation the fan will run to cool the fascia and control knobs.

Cleaning

- Isolate the electricity supply before carrying out any thorough cleaning. Allow the cooker to cool.
- The cooker should be kept clean at all times as a build up in fats and other food stuff could result in a fire.
- Clean only the parts listed in this guide.
- Clean with caution. If a wet sponge or cloth is used to wipe spills on a hot surface, be careful to avoid steam burns. Some cleaners can produce noxious fumes if applied to a hot surface.
- **NEVER** use paint solvents, washing soda, caustic cleaners, biological powders, bleach, chlorine based bleach cleaners, coarse abrasives or salt.

- DO NOT mix different cleaning products

 they may react together with hazardous results.
- All parts of the cooker can be cleaned with hot soapy water.
- Take care that no water seeps into the appliance.
- Before you remove any of the grill parts for cleaning, make sure that they are cool or use oven gloves.
- **DO NOT** use any abrasive substances on the grill and grill parts.
- **DO NOT** put the side runners in a dishwasher.
- **DO NOT** put the burner heads in a dishwasher.
- **DO NOT** put the griddle plate in a dishwasher.
- **NEVER** use caustic or abrasive cleaners as these will damage the surface.
- **DO NOT** use steel wool, oven cleaning pads or any other materials that will scratch the surface.
- **NEVER** store flammable materials in the drawer. This includes paper, plastic and cloth items, such as cookbooks, plastic ware and towels, as well as flammable liquids.
- **DO NOT** store explosives, such as aerosol cans, on or near the appliance.
- DO NOT use steel wool, oven cleaning pads, or any other materials that will scratch the surface.
- **DO NOT** attempt to disassemble or clean around any burner while another burner is on, otherwise an electric shock could result.

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2. Cooker Overview



Your 110 induction cooker (Fig. 2.1) has the following features:

- A. 5 induction cooking zones
- B. Control panel
- C. A separate glide-out grill
- D. A multifunction oven
- E. Fan oven
- F. Bread proving / Storage drawer

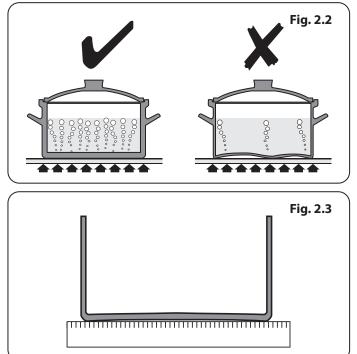
The Hob

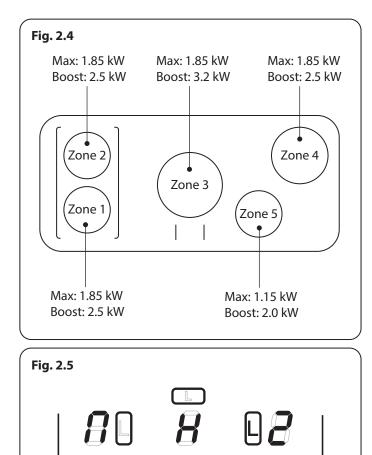
Use only pans that are suitable for induction hobs. We recommend stainless steel, enamelled steel pans or cast iron pans with enamelled bases. Note that some stainless steel pans are not suitable for use with an induction hob so please check carefully before purchasing any cookware.

Pans made of copper, aluminium or ceramic are not suitable for use on an induction hob. The kind of pan you use and the quantity of food affects the setting required. Higher settings are required for larger quantities of food.

Pots and pans should have thick, smooth, flat bottoms (**Fig. 2.2**). This allows the maximum heat transfer from the hob to the pan, making cooking quick and energy efficient. Never use a round-bottomed wok, even with a stand.

The very best pans have bases that are very slightly curved up when cold (**Fig. 2.3**). If you hold a ruler across the bottom





Cooking Zone	Minimum Pan Diameter (Pan Base) mm
Front Left	180
Rear Left	180
Centre	210
Rear Right	180
Front Right	140
_	

Table 2.1

you will see a small gap in the middle. When they heat up the metal expands and lies flat on the cooking surface.

Make sure that the base of the pan is clean and dry to prevent any residue burning onto the hob panel. This also helps prevent scratches and deposits.

Take care when placing hot lids onto the hob surface. Lids that have been covering boiling or steaming foods can 'stick' to the ceramic glass. Should this occur, DO NOT attempt to lift the lid off the hotplate: this may damage the hob surface. Instead, carefully slide the lid to the edge of the hob surface and remove.

Always use pans that are the same size as (or slightly larger than) the areas marked on the hob. Using a lid will help the contents boil more quickly.

Always take care before touching the surface, even when the hob is turned off. It may be hotter than you think!

The induction hob comprises of five cooking zones containing induction elements with different ratings and diameters (**Fig. 2.4**) each with a pan detector and residual heat indicator, and a hob control display.

The hob control display (**Fig. 2.5**) informs you of the following induction hob functions:

- 🖞 Pan Detector
- *H* Residual Heat Indicator
- --•• Child Lock
- L1/L2/L3 Low Temperature Setting
- P Power Boost Setting

Pan Detector, $\frac{\omega}{2}$

IMPORTANT: After use, switch off the hob element by its control and DO NOT RELY on the pan detector.

If a cooking area is switched on and there is no pan in place or if the pan is too small for the cooking area, then no heat will be generated. The symbol [\mathcal{L}] will appear on the hob control display; this is the "pan-missing symbol". Place a pan of the correct size on the cooking area and the [\mathcal{L}] symbol will disappear and cooking can begin. After 10 minutes without detecting a pan the cooking zone will switch off automatically.

Table 2.1 shows the minimum pan sizes recommended foreach cooking zone.

Note: Using pans with a base diameter smaller than those recommended will result in a power reduction.

Residual Heat Indicator, H

After use, a cooking zone will remain hot for a while as heat dissipates. When a cooking zone is switched off the residual heat indicator symbol [H], will appear in the display. This shows that the cooking zone temperature is above 60 °C and may still cause burns. Once the temperature has dropped to below 60 °C the [H] will go out.

Child Lock, =--0

IMPORTANT: The child lock can only be activated when all the cooking zones are switched off.

To prevent the unwanted use by children, the hob can be locked.

To lock the hob, simultaneously turn the two left-hand controls counter-clockwise (**Fig. 2.6**) and hold until the ---0 symbol appears in the centre of the hob control display (**Fig. 2.7**).

Note: [H] will flash when locking the hob – this is normal.

Locking the hob will NOT affect the ovens; they can still be used.

To unlock the hob, simultaneously turn the two left-hand controls counter-clockwise and hold until the --- o symbol disappears from the centre of the hob control display.

Low Temperature Setting, L1/L2/L3

This function should only be used when heating from cold.

Each cooking area is equipped with 3 low temperature settings:

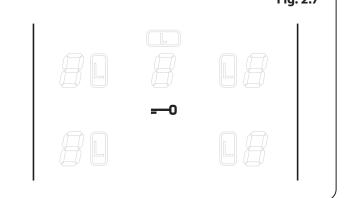
- *L1* will maintain a temperature of about 44 °C ideal for gently melting butter or chocolate.
- L2 will maintain a temperature of about 70 °C ideal for keeping food warm, once it has been cooked.
- L3 will maintain a temperature of about 94°C ideal for simmering (bring the pan to the boil and then select L3 to keep soups, sauces, stews, etc at an optimal simmer).

The maximum time these settings can be used is 2 hours, after which the hob will switch off automatically. If required, you can immediately restart the Low Temperature function by reactivating L1 or L2. To increase the heat, just turn the control knob to the required level.

The maximum times for all other power levels are shown in **Table 2.2**.

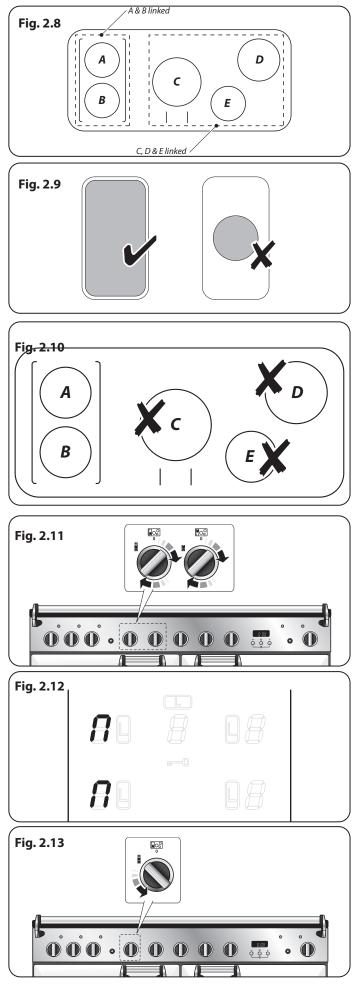
Fig. 2.7

Fig. 2.6



Power Level	Maximum Operating Time
L1, L2 and L3	2 hours
1	6 hours
2	6 hours
3	5 hours
4	5 hours
5	4 hours
6	1.5 hours
7	1.5 hours
8	1.5 hours
9	1.5 hours
Power Boost	10 minutes

Table 2.2



Power Boost Setting, *P*

All of the induction cooking zones have Power Boost available, activated by turning the control knob clockwise until [P] is shown on the hob control display.

Power Boost allows additional power to be made available for each of the cooking zones. This is useful to bring a large pan of water to the boil quickly.

The Power Boost function operates for a maximum of 10 minutes on each zone, after which the power is automatically reduced to setting 9.

Deactivate the Power Boost function by turning the control knob to a lower setting.

Power Sharing Zones (Fig. 2.8)

Power sharing is taking the power from the adjacent zone. For example, if zones C, D and E (Fig. 2.8) are set to power level 9, or set to Power Boost (P) the power level in **D** or **E** will adjust in the order it was switched on.



Avoid heating an empty pan. Doing so may damage both the hob and pan.

Example 1: Set zone **C** to power level 9, switch on zone **D** to power level 9 and then zone **E** to power level 9. After a few seconds zone **D** power level will reduce to 7. **Zone C will** remain at P or 9

Example 2: Set zone **C** to power level 9, switch on zone **E** to power level 9 and then zone **D** to power level 9. After a few seconds zone **E** power level will reduce to *b*. **Zone C will** remain at P or 9

Example 3: Set zone **D** and **E** to power level 9 and then zone **C** to power level 9. After a few seconds zone **E** power level will reduce to \overline{b} .

The same principle applies when using zone **A** and **B**. When using zone **A** on Power Boost (P) and then switching zone **B** to Power Boost (P), the power to zone **A** will reduce slightly.



A This is a built-in safety device.

The Bridging-Zone Function,

Zones A and B can be bridged, creating an area, ideal for use with an induction griddle (optional extra).

Note: The griddle should comprise of an induction friendly, flat bottom, large enough to cover zones A and B of the hotplate heating area (Fig. 2.9).

DO NOT use zones C, D or E to heat the griddle (**Fig. 2.10**).

To activate the bridging-zone function, simultaneously turn the two left-hand controls completely clockwise (**Fig. 2.11**) and hold until the [7] symbols appear in the centre of the hob control display (Fig. 2.12). The temperature can then be adjusted using the left-hand knob (Fig. 2.13).

Turn both knobs counter-clockwise to cancel the function and return to normal operation.

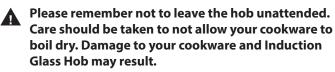


DO NOT turn the two left-hand knobs individually to heat the griddle. This can cause excessive temperatures and damage the coating on the griddle.

Overheat Function

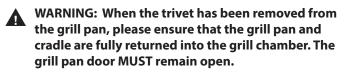
This function identifies when the temperature of the pan rises rapidly and works to maintain a safe level of pan temperature. It should not interfere with normal cooking.

Cookware with bases that become distorted (**Fig. 2.2**) when heated may interfere with the operation of the Overheat Function. This may result in damage to your cookware or Induction Glass Hob.



Please read and follow the manufacturers' instructions carefully before using cookware on your induction hob.

The Glide-out Grill[™] (Fig. 2.14)



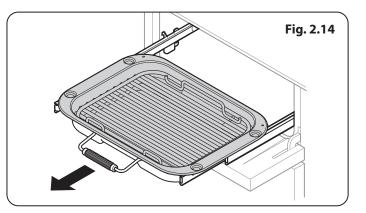


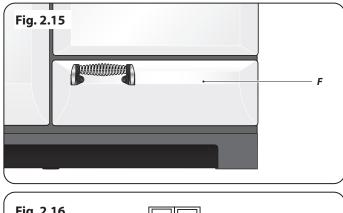
Accessible parts may be hot when the broiler is in use. Young children should be kept away.

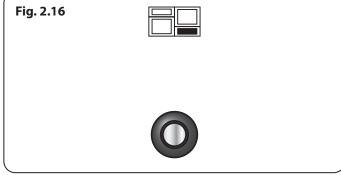
Never close the grill door when the grill is on.

- 1. For best results, slide the carriage back into the grill chamber. The grill trivet can be removed and the food placed on it while you are waiting for the grill to preheat.
- 2. DO NOT leave the grill on for more than a few moments without the grill pan underneath it, otherwise the knobs may become hot.
- **3.** Once the grill has preheated, slide the carriage out again. With the trivet back in place with the food on it, slide the carriage back into the grill chamber. Make sure that it is pushed right in.

The grill pan trivet can be turned to give four grilling heights by a combination of turning it back to front and turning it upside down. See chapter **Using the Glide-out Grill**[™].







TOP TIPS

Not sure of the capacity of your loaf tins?

- A one pound loaf tin will hold 800ml of water
- A two pound loaf tin will hold 1.5 litres of water.
- Cover the dough while it is proving with greased cling film, be careful not to anchor the cling film too tightly so that it prevents the dough from rising.

Bread Proving Drawer

The Bread Proving Drawer is found on the right at the base of the cooker (**Fig. 2.15**). Within the Bread Proving Drawer there are slots in the base to allow warmed air to flow through into the drawer from the element underneath.

The Bread Proving Drawer temperature is ideal for proving all sorts of yeast dough from sweet to savoury, gluten free to sourdough, dough made from fresh yeast and dried, bread mixes and recipes from the Rangemaster Good Housekeeping Cookery book.

Pre heat the drawer so that it is warm and ready for your dough.

It is operated by a push button (**Fig. 2.16**). There is no need to set the temperature, this is already set.

The Bread Proving Drawer has space for:

- Baking trays, no larger than 340mm x 340mm, to prove bread rolls or buns; these can then be put straight into a preheated oven after proving.
- To prove 2 trays at once in the drawer use a cooling rack or trivet over the top of one tray with the other on top, remember to allow space for the dough to expand during the proving time.
- 3 litre bowl full of dough
- 3 x 2 pound loaf tins
- 4 x 1 pound loaf tins

The time needed for proving will depend upon the dough type and the amount. Refer to the recipe for guidance and check the dough during the proving time.

If a large baking tray is used, place a cooling rack on to the base of the drawer, and put the tray on top, this will allow the warmed air to reach the dough.

When preparing larger quantities of yeast dough, containing 500g or over of flour, divide the dough into 2 bowls or containers, this will make proving in the drawer easier.

Keep an eye on the dough while it is proving; fresh yeast can work quickly especially if it has had a first fermentation stage (sometimes called sponging). Sponging can help produce a slightly lighter loaf.

The Bread Proving Drawer can be used for storage. If you have used the Bread Proving Drawer, switch it off and wait until the drawer cools before storing any items.

NOTE: The Bread Proving Drawer will not warm plates

Cleaning

Clean the inside of the drawer with hot soapy water and a soft cloth, rinse and dry.

The Bread Proving Drawer is ideal for storing baking trays and other cooking utensils.



It can get warm, so do not store anything in it that may melt or catch fire.

The Ovens

The clock must be set to the time of day before the programmable oven will work. See the following section on 'The Clock' for instructions on setting the time of day.

References to 'left-hand' and 'right-hand' ovens apply as viewed from the front of the appliance.

The left-hand oven is a programmable multifunction oven, while the right-hand oven is a fan oven.

The Multifunction Oven

Multifunction ovens have an oven fan and oven fan element, as well as two extra heating elements. One element is in the top of the oven and the second is under the oven base.

Note: Take care to avoid touching the top element and element deflector when placing or removing items from the oven.

The multifunction oven has 3 main cooking functions: **fan**, **fan assisted** and **conventional cooking**. These functions should be used to complete most of your cooking.

The **browning element** and **base heat** can be used in the latter part of the cooking process to fine tune the results to your particular requirements.

Use **fanned grilling** for all your grilling needs and **defrost** to safely thaw small items of frozen food.

Table 2.3 gives a summary of the multifunction modes.

The multifunction oven has many varied uses. We suggest you keep a careful eye on your cooking until you are familiar with each function. Remember, not all functions will be suitable for all food types.

The Fan Oven

Fan ovens circulate hot air continuously, which means faster, more even cooking. The recommended cooking temperatures for a fan oven are generally lower than those for a non-fan oven.

Note: Please remember that all cookers vary so temperatures in your new ovens may differ to those in your previous cooker.

Function	Use
Rapid Response	The Rapid Response setting enables you to preheat the oven faster than normal
Defrost	To thaw small items in the oven without heat
Fan oven	A full cooking function, even heat throughout, great for baking
Fanned grilling	Grilling meat and fish with the door closed
Fan assisted	A full cooking function good for roasting and baking
Conventional oven	A full cooking function for roasting and baking in the lower half of the oven
Browning element	To brown and crisp cheese topped dishes
Base heat	To crisp up the bases of quiche, pizza or pastry

Table 2.3

Multifunction Oven Functions

Rapid Response



The Rapid Response setting enables you to preheat the oven faster than normal. It uses the fan oven element with additional heat from one of the elements in the top of the oven. Fan ovens heat up quickly;

but the Rapid Response feature speeds this process up enabling you to start cooking sooner.

To use the Rapid Response feature, turn the function control knob to R and set the temperature required. The light on the control panel next to the function control will come on.

When the required temperature is reached the top element will switch off and the light will go out.

The oven temperature is then maintained by the fan oven element and fan.

Should you choose to place food into the cold oven prior to cooking while using the Rapid Response function, make sure that cakes, etc. are not positioned too near the top of the oven.

Fan Oven



This function operates the fan and the heating element around it. An even heat is produced throughout the oven, allowing you to cook large amounts guickly.

Fan oven cooking is particularly suitable for baking on several shelves at one time and is a good 'all-round' function. It may be necessary to reduce the temperature by approximately 10°C for recipes previously cooked in a conventional oven.

If you wish to preheat the oven, wait until the indicator light has gone out before inserting the food.

Fanned Grilling



This function operates the fan while the top element is on. It produces a more even, less fierce heat than a conventional grill. For best results, place the food to

be grilled, on a trivet over a roasting tin, which should be smaller than a conventional grill pan. This allows greater air circulation. Thick pieces of meat or fish are ideal for grilling in this way, as the circulated air reduces the fierceness of the heat from the grill.

The oven door should be kept closed while grilling is in progress, so saving energy.

You will also find that the food needs to be watched and turned less than for normal grilling. Preheat this function before cooking.

For best results we recommend that the grill pan is not located on the top shelf.

Fan Assisted Oven



This function operates the fan, circulating air heated by the elements at the top and the base of the oven. The combination of fan and conventional cooking

(top and base heat) makes this function ideal for cooking large items that need thorough cooking, such as a large meat roast.

It is also possible to bake on two shelves at one time, although they will need to be swapped over during the cooking time, as the heat at the top of the oven is greater than at the base, when using this function.

This is a fast intensive form of cooking; keep an eye on the food cooking until you have become accustomed to this function.

Conventional Oven (Top and Base Heat)



This function combines the heat from the top and base elements. It is particularly suitable for roasting and baking pastry, cakes and biscuits.

Food cooked on the top shelf will brown and crisp faster than on the lower shelf, because the heat is greater at the top of the oven than at the base, as in 'Fan Assisted Oven' function. Similar items being cooked will need to be swapped around for even cooking. This means that foods requiring different temperatures can be cooked together, using the cooler zone in the lower half of the oven and hotter area to the top.

The exposed top element may cook some foods too quickly, so we recommend that the food be positioned in the lower half of the oven to cook. The oven temperature may also need to be lowered.

Similar items being cooked will need to be swapped around for even cooking.

Browning Element

	_		
1			
	-		

This function uses the element in the top of the oven only. It is a useful function for the browning or finishing of pasta dishes, vegetables in sauce, shepherds pie and lasagne, the item to be browned being already hot before switching to the top element.

Base Heat



This function uses the base element only. It will crisp up your pizza or quiche base or finish off cooking the base of a pastry case on a lower shelf. It is also a gentle heat, good for slow cooking of casseroles in the

middle of the oven or for plate warming.

The Browning and Base Heat functions are useful additions to your oven, giving you flexibility to finish off items to perfection.

Defrost



This function operates the fan to circulate cold air only. Make sure the temperature control is at 0°C and that no heat is applied. This enables small items such

as desserts, cream cakes and pieces of meat, fish and poultry to be defrosted.

Defrosting in this way speeds up the process and protects the food from flies. Pieces of meat, fish and poultry should be placed on a shelf, over a tray to catch any drips. Be sure to wash the shelf and tray after defrosting.

Defrost with the oven door closed.

Large items, such as whole chickens and joints should not be defrosted in this way. We recommend this be carried out in a refrigerator.

Defrosting should not be carried out in a warm oven or when an adjoining oven is in use or still warm.

Make sure that dairy foods, meat and poultry are completely defrosted before cooking.

Operating the Ovens

Multifunction Ovens

The multifunction oven has two controls: a function selector and a temperature setting knob (**Fig. 2.17**).

Turn the function selector control to a cooking function. Turn the oven temperature knob to the temperature required (**Fig. 2.18**).

The oven indicator light will glow until the oven has reached the temperature you selected. It will then cycle on and off during cooking.

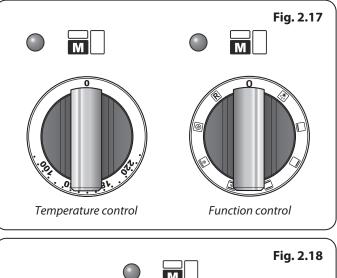
Conventional and Fan Ovens

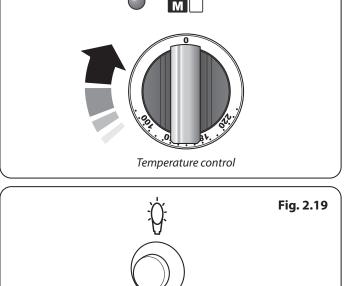
Turn the oven knob to the desired temperature (Fig. 2.18).

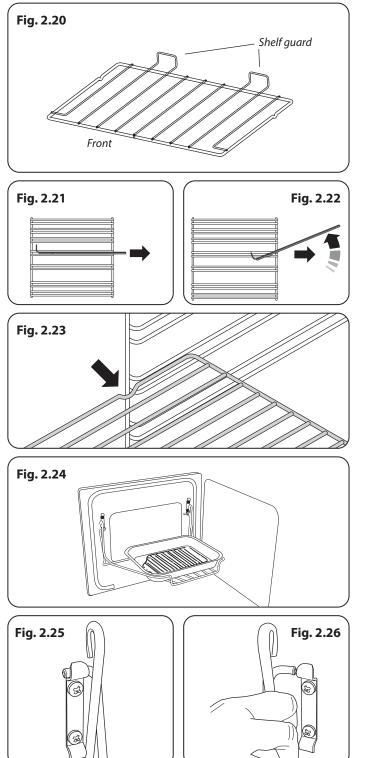
The oven indicator light will glow until the oven has reached the temperature selected. It will then cycle on and off during cooking.

Main Oven Light

Press the button to turn the light on (**Fig. 2.19**). If the oven light fails, turn off the power supply before changing the bulb. See the 'Troubleshooting' section for details on how to change the bulb.







Accessories

Oven Shelves

The oven shelves (**Fig. 2.20**) are retained when pulled forward but can be easily removed and refitted.

Pull the shelf forward until the back of the shelf is stopped by the shelf stop bumps in the oven sides (**Fig. 2.21**).

Lift up the front of the shelf so the back of the shelf will pass under the shelf stop and then pull the shelf forward (**Fig. 2.22**).

To refit the shelf, line up the shelf with a groove in the oven side and push the shelf back until the ends hit the shelf stop. Lift up the front so the shelf ends clear the shelf stops, and then lower the front so that the shelf is level and push it fully back (**Fig. 2.23**).

Optional Extras (main oven)

The Handyrack

The Handyrack (**Fig. 2.24**) fits to the left-hand oven door only. Food cooking on it is easy to attend to, because it is accessible when the door is open.

The maximum weight that can be held by the Handyrack is 5.5 kg (12 lb). It should only be used with the supplied roasting tin, which is designed to fit the Handyrack. Any other vessel could be unstable.

It can be fitted at two different heights. One of the oven shelves must be removed and the other positioned to suit.

When the Handyrack is used in its highest position, other dishes can be cooked on the bottom shelf position or base of the oven.

When the Handyrack is used in its lowest position, other dishes can be cooked on the second shelf position or base of the oven.

To fit the Handyrack, locate one side of it on the door bracket (**Fig. 2.25**), then spring the other side out to clip it onto the other bracket (**Fig. 2.26**).

Glide-out Oven Shelf

A glide-out oven shelf is available for either oven (Fig. 2.27).

Note: The Handyrack must be removed before fitting the glide-out shelf.

The rungs on the shelf supports are in pairs. The glide-out shelf runners can be fitted to any pair except the top.

To fit the glide-out shelf runners

Hook the rear of the runner over the top rung of a pair of shelf supports. Then hook the front of the runner onto the same rung. Push to clip under the bottom rung (**Fig. 2.28**).

The front of the shelf runners can be identified by the bracket (**Fig. 2.30**).

Ensure that the shelf runners are fitted in the same position on each side (**Fig. 2.29**).

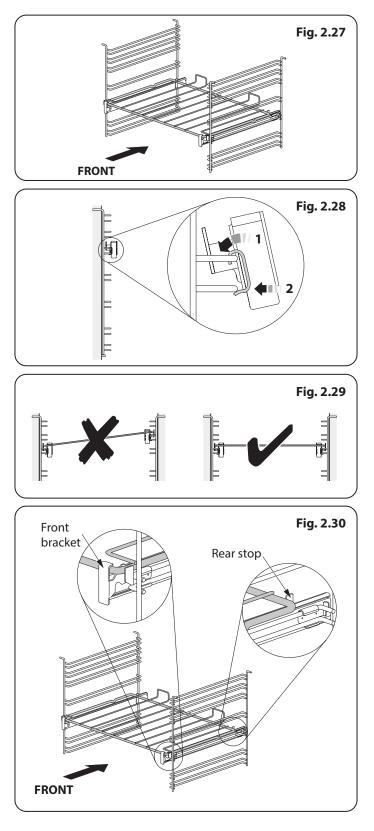
To fit the glide-out shelf

Check the shelf runners are secure before fitting the glide-out shelf.

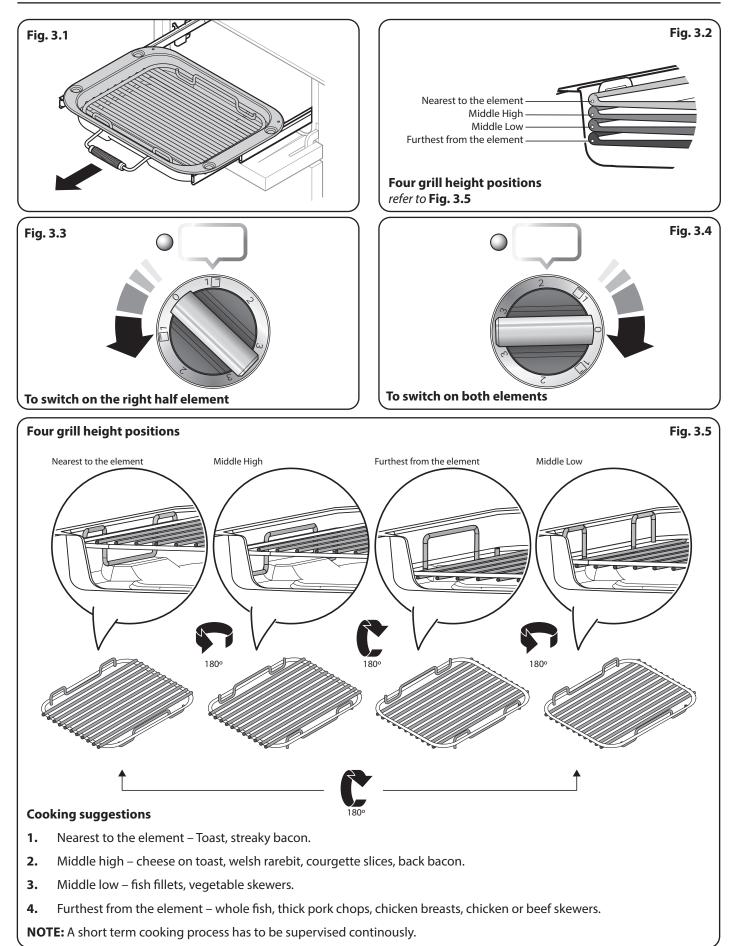
Hook the front of the glide-out oven shelf onto the runners as shown (**Fig. 2.30**). The rear of the shelf should rest on the runners, in front of the rear stop (**Fig. 2.30**).

Ensure that the shelf sits flat once in position.

DO NOT put the glide-out shelf runners in a dishwasher

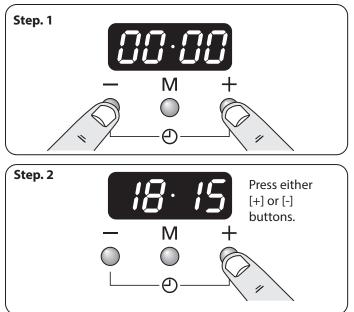


3. Using the Glide-out Grill™

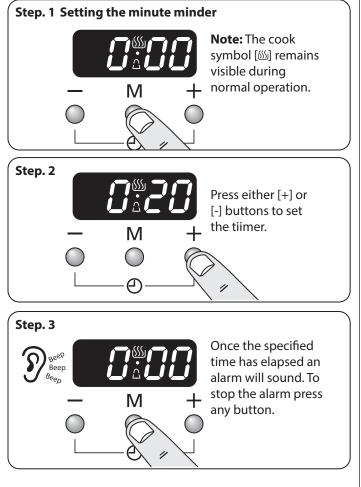


4. 3 button clock

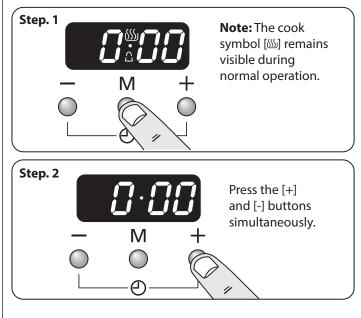
Setting the time The clock must be set to the time of day before the oven will work



Minute Minder

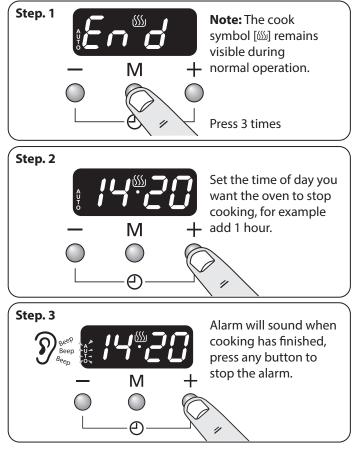


Reset the minute minder



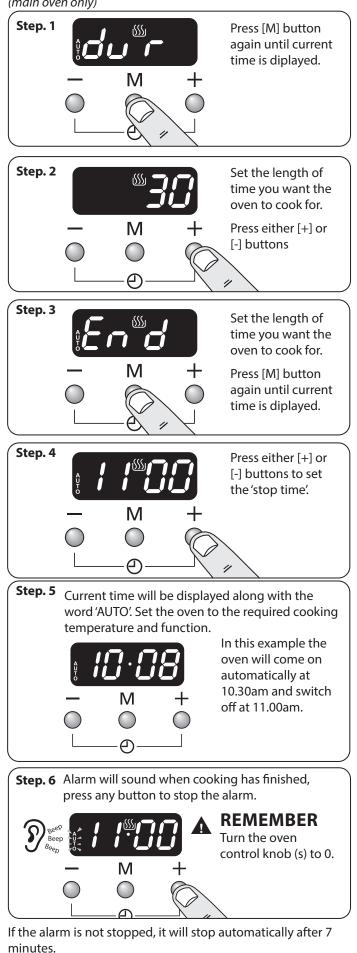
To stop the oven at a specific time of day

(main oven only) You have set the required temperature and function mode and you would like the oven to automatically stop.



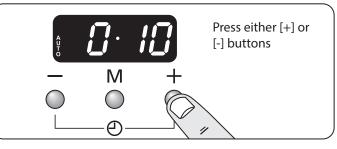
To start and stop the oven automatically

(main oven only)

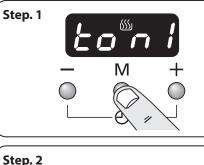


AUTO is showing, but you want to revert

to manual cooking (main oven only)

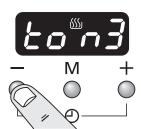


Changing the frequency of the alarm



Press [M] button again until current time is diplayed.

Step. 2



Press either [+] or [-] buttons

5. Cooking Tips

Hints on Using Your Induction Cooker

If you have not used an induction cooker before please be aware of the following:

- Make sure that the pans you have or buy are suitable for use on the induction hob. Stainless steel, enamelled steel or cast iron is ideal. Double check before you buy pans – they must have bases that would attract a magnet.
- Allow time to get used to induction cooking; it is fast and powerful as well as being gentle. When simmering, you may notice that liquids appear to stop bubbling and then start again almost immediately. This is perfectly normal.
- You may notice a faint vibrating sound coming from the pans when using the induction hob. Again, this is perfectly normal and will depend upon the type and style of pans you are using.
- The induction heating elements will phase on and off when cooking. Although an active cooking zone may appear to switch on and off, a constant heat is still being supplied to the base of the pan – this is completely normal.

Tips on Cooking with the Timer

If you want to cook more than one dish, choose dishes that require approximately the same cooking time. However, dishes can be 'slowed down' slightly by using small containers and covering them with aluminium foil, or 'speeded up' slightly by cooking smaller quantities or placing them in larger containers.

Very perishable foods such as pork or fish should be avoided if a long delay period is planned, especially in hot weather.

DO NOT place warm food in the oven to be timed.

DO NOT use a timed oven that is already warm.

DO NOT use the timed oven if the adjoining oven is already warm.

Whole poultry must be thoroughly defrosted before being placed in the oven. Check that meat and poultry are fully cooked before serving.

General Oven Tips

The wire shelves should always be pushed firmly to the back of the oven.

Baking trays with food cooking on them should be placed level with the front edge of the oven's wire shelves. Other containers should be placed centrally. Keep all trays and containers away from the back of the oven, as overbrowning of the food may occur.

For even browning, the maximum recommended size of a baking tray are:

 depth: 340 mm (13 ¾") by width: 340 mm (13 ¾") in the main oven

When the oven is on, DO NOT leave the door open for longer than necessary, otherwise the knobs may get very hot.

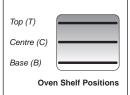
- Always leave a "finger's width" between dishes on the same shelf. This allows the heat to circulate freely around them.
- To reduce fat splashing when you add vegetables to hot fat around a roast, dry them thoroughly or brush lightly with cooking oil.
- Where dishes may boil and spill over during cooking, place them on a baking tray.
- The 'Cook & Clean' oven liners (see 'Cleaning Your Cooker') work better when fat splashes are avoided. Cover meat when cooking.
- Sufficient heat rises out of the oven while cooking to warm plates in the grill compartment.
- If you want to brown the base of a pastry dish, preheat the baking tray for 15 minutes before placing the dish in the centre of the tray.

6. Cooking Table

The oven control settings and cooking times given in the table below are intended to be used **as a guide only**. Individual tastes may require the temperature to be altered to provide a preferred result.

Food is cooked at lower temperature in a fan oven than in a conventional oven. When using recipes, reduce the fan oven temperature by 10 °C and the cooking time by 5-10 minutes. The temperature in the fan oven does not vary with height in the oven so you can use any shelf.

Food	Conventional Oven °C (Shelf Position)	Fan Oven Temperature	Approximate Cooking Time		
Meat					
Beef (no bone)	160 (C)	150 °C	30-35 minutes per 500g +30-35 minutes.	Thoroughly thaw frozen joints	
	200 (C)	190 °C	20-25 minutes per 500g +20-25 minutes.	before cooking. Meat may be roasted at 220°C (210°C for fan oven) and the cooking	
Lamb	160 (C)	150 °C	30-35 minutes per 500g +30-35 minutes.		
	200 (C)	190 °C	25-30 minutes per 500g +25-30 minutes.	time adjusted accordingly. For stuffed and rolled meats, add	
Pork	160 (C)	150 °C	35-40 minutes per 500g +35-40 minutes.	approximately 10 minutes per	
	200 (C)	190 °C	25-30 minutes per 500g +25-30 minutes.	500g, or cook at 200°C (190°C) for 20 minutes then 160°C (150°C) for the remainder.	
Poultry	160 (C)	150 °C	20-25 minutes per 500g +20-25 minutes.	For stuffed poultry, you could	
Chicken	200 (C)	190 °C	15-20 minutes per 500g +15-20 minutes.	cook at 200°C (190°C) for 20 minutes then 160°C (150°C)	
	160 (C)	150 °C	20 minutes per 500g +20 minutes.	for remainder. Do not forget	
Turkey	200 (C)	190 °C	15 minutes per 500g +15 minutes.	to include the weight of the stuffing. For fresh or frozen	
,	160 (C)	150 °C	25-30 minutes per 500g.	pre-packed poultry, follow	
Duck	200 (C)	190 °C	20 minutes per 500g.	instructions on the pack. Thoroughly thaw frozen poultry before cooking.	
Casserole	140-150 (C)	130 °C-140 °C	2-4 hours according to recipe.		
Yorkshire Pudding	220 (C)	210 °C	Large tins 30-35 minutes; individual 10-20	minutes.	
Cake					
Very rich fruit - Christmas, wedding, etc.	140 (C/B)	130 °C	45-50 minutes per 500g of mixture.	Using the conventional oven: When two tier cooking leave	
Fruit 180 mm tin	150 (C/B)	140 °C	2-2½ hours.	at least one runner space	
Fruit 230 mm tin	150 (C/B)	140 °C	Up to 3½ hours.	between shelves. Position	
Madeira 180 mm	160 (C/B)	150 °C	80-90 minutes.	the baking tray with the front edge along the front of the	
Queen cakes	190 (C/B)	180 °C	15-25 minutes.	oven shelf.	
Scones	220 (C/B)	210 °C	10-15 minutes.	Up to three tiers can be cooked on, in a fan oven, at	
Victoria sandwich				the same time. But make sure	
180 mm tin	180 (C/B)	170 °C	20-30 minutes.	to leave at least one runner space between each shelf	
210 mm tin	180 (C/B)	170 °C	30-40 minutes.	being cooked on.	
Desserts					
Shortcrust tarts	200 (C/B)	190 °C	20-30 minutes on a preheated tray.		
Fruit pies	200 (C/B)	190 °C	35-45 minutes.		
Tartlets	200 (C/B)	190 °C	10-20 minutes according to size.	Up to three tiers can be	
Puff pastry	210 (C/B)	200 °C	20-40 minutes according to size.	cooked on, in a fan oven, at the same time. But make sure	
Meringues	100 (C/B)	90 °C	2-3 hours.	to leave at least one runner	
Baked egg custard	160 (C/B)	150 °C	45-60 minutes.	space between each shelf being cooked on.	
Baked sponge pudding	180 (C/B)	170 °C	40-45 minutes.		
Milk pudding	140-150 (C/B)	130 °C-140 °C	2 to 3 hours.		
Bread	210 (C)	200 °C	20-30 minutes.		
Fish	Fanned Grilling				
Fillet	190 (C/B)	190 °C (C/B)	15-20 minutes		
Whole	190 (C/B)	190 °C (C/B)	15-20 minutes per 500g.		
Steak	190 (C/B)	190 °C (C/B)	Steaks according to thickness.		



7. Cleaning Your Cooker

Isolate the electricity supply before carrying out any major cleaning. Allow the cooker to cool.



NEVER use paint solvents, washing soda, caustic cleaners, biological powders, bleach, chlorine based bleach cleaners, coarse abrasives or salt.



DO NOT mix different cleaning products – they may react together with hazardous results.

All parts of the cooker can be cleaned with hot soapy water. Take care that no surplus water seeps into the appliance.

Remember to switch the electricity supply back on and reset the clock before reusing the cooker.

Hob

Daily Care

First of all make sure that all heat indicator lights are off and that the cooking surface is cool. Apply a small dab of ceramic cleaning cream in the centre of each area to be cleaned. Dampen a clean paper towel and work the cream onto the cooking surface. As a final step, wipe the cooking surface with a clean, dry paper towel.

Cleaning Spills

For spills and boil-overs that occur while cooking, turn the unit off and wipe the area surrounding the hot zone with a clean paper towel. If a spill (other than a sugary substance) is on the hot zone, do not clean until the unit has completely cooled down, and then follow the instructions below ('Cleaning Burned-on Spills').

If you accidentally melt anything on the surface, or if you spill foods with a high sugar content (preserves, tomato sauce, fruit juice, etc.), remove the spill IMMEDIATELY with a razor scraper, while the unit is still hot.

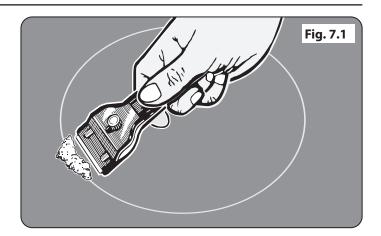
IMPORTANT: Use an oven glove to protect your hand from potential burns.

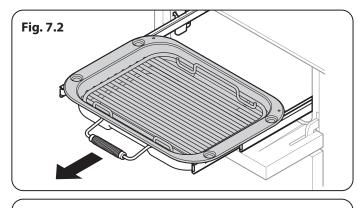
Scrape the major spill or melted material from the cooking zone and push into a cold area. Then, turn the unit OFF and allow it to cool before cleaning further. After the cooking surface cools down and the heat indicator lights go off, follow the 'Daily Care' procedure outlined above.

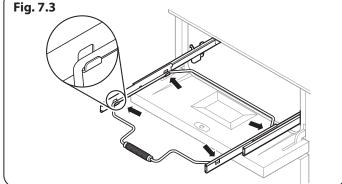
Cleaning Burned-on Spills

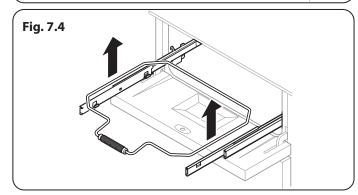
Make sure that the heat indicator lights are off and that the hob is cool. Remove the excess burned-on substance with a single-edged razor scraper. Hold the scraper at an angle of about 30° to the surface and then scrape off the burned-on matter (**Fig. 7.1**).

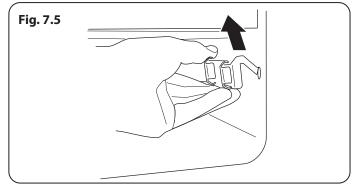
Once you have removed as much as possible with the scraper, follow the 'Daily Care' procedure outlined above.









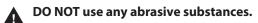


Glide-out Grill™

The grill pan and trivet should be washed in hot soapy water. Alternatively, the grill pan can be washed in a dishwasher.

After grilling meats or any foods that soil, leave to soak for a few minutes immediately after use. Stubborn particles may be removed from the trivet using a nylon brush.

Before you remove any of the grill parts for cleaning, make sure that they are cool, or use oven gloves.



Removing the Glide-out Grill Pan

The glide-out grill pan can be easily removed for cleaning as follows:

Remove the grill pan support frame by pulling the grill pan forward (**Fig. 7.2**).

Lift the grill pan clear of the support frame. The support frame is held to the side rails by two clips on each side (Fig. 7.3).

For each side, support the side rail with one hand and with the other hand lift the frame up and out of the side clips (Fig. 7.4).

For safety, push the side rails back into the grill chamber.

If you need to remove the side rails to allow cleaning of the grill chamber, you can unhook them from the grill chamber sides (Fig. 7.5) and wipe the sides clean with a soft cloth and mild detergent.



DO NOT put the side runners in a dishwasher.

Once you have finished, hook the side rails back onto the sides of the chamber. To refit the frame, pull the side rails forward and, for each side in turn, support the side rail and press the frame down into the side rails.

Induction Griddle (some models only)

NEVER use paint solvents, washing soda, caustic cleaners, biological powders, bleach, chlorine based bleach cleaners, coarse abrasives or salt.



DO NOT mix different cleaning products – they may react together with hazardous results.

DO NOT put this griddle in a dishwasher. Λ

Safetv



Please always use potholders for cast-on handles because they tend to get hot, given their good heat conductivity.

Control Panel and Doors

Avoid using any abrasive cleaners, including cream cleaners. For best results, use a liquid detergent.

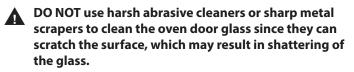
The same cleaner can also be used on the doors. Alternatively, use a soft cloth wrung out in clean hot soapy water. You can use the same method for cleaning the control panel and knobs. After cleaning, polish with a dry cloth.

Glass Fronted Door Panels

The oven door front panels can be taken off so that the glass panels can be cleaned. Move the cooker forward to gain access to the sides (see the 'Moving the Cooker' section under 'Installation').

Open the oven door slightly and remove the front panel fixing screws from the door sides, two each side (**Fig. 7.6**). Carefully lift off the outer door panel. The inside face of the glass panels can now be cleaned – take care not to disturb or wet the door insulation.

Note: If the door is triple glazed then the inner two panels are fixed together and should not be separated. After cleaning, carefully refit the outer door panel and replace the side fixing screws.



Ovens

'Cook & Clean' Panels

The ovens have side 'Cook & Clean' panels which have been coated with a special enamel that partly cleans itself. This does not stop all marks on the lining, but helps to reduce the amount of manual cleaning needed.

These panels work better above 200 °C. If you do most of your cooking below this temperature, occasionally remove the panels and wipe with a lint free cloth and hot soapy water. The panels should then be dried and replaced and the oven heated at 200 °C for about one hour. This will make sure that the panels are working effectively.

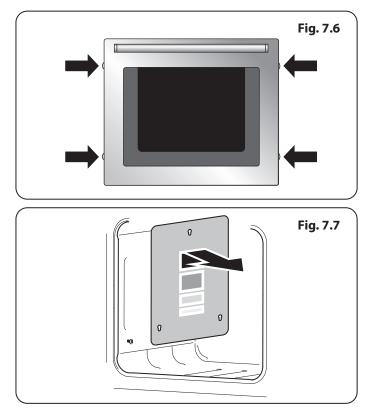
Removing the Panels to Clean the Enamel Interior

Some of the lining panels can be removed for cleaning.

If you wish to clean the enamel interior of the oven, you will need to remove the shelves before removing the 'Cook & Clean' panels. To remove the side panels, simply lift the panel and slide forwards. (**Fig. 7.7**).

Once the panels have been removed, the oven enamel interior can be cleaned.

Refit in the reverse order.



Cleaning Table

Cleaners listed (**Table 7.1**) are available from supermarkets or electrical retailers as stated.

For enamelled surfaces use a cleaner that is approved for use on vitreous enamel.

Regular cleaning is recommended. For easier cleaning, wipe up any spillages immediately.

Hotplate		
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
Hob top	Enamel or stainless steel	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Any stubborn stains remove gently with a nylon scourer.
Ceramic/induction hob	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water; cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Griddle plate (some models only)	Non-stick surface	Allow to cool. Wash in hot soapy water. Do not use abrasive cleaners/ scourers.
Warming zone (some models only)	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water, cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Outside of Cooker	^	
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
Door, door surround and storage	Enamel or paint	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Any stubborn stains, remove gently with a liquid detergent.
drawer exterior	Stainless steel	E-cloth (electrical retailers) or microfibre all-purpose cloth (supermarket).
Sides and plinth	Painted surface	Hot soapy water, soft cloth.
Splashback/rear grille	Enamel or stainless steel	Hot soapy water, soft cloth. Cream cleaner, with care, if necessary.
Control panel	Paint, enamel , stainless steel or glass	Warm soapy water. Do not use proprietary cleaners other than washing-up liquid, as this may cause cosmetic damage.
Control knobs/handles & trims	Plastic/chrome, copper or lacquered brass	Warm soapy water, soft cloth.
	Brass	Brass polish.
Oven door glass/glass lid (some models only)	Toughened glass	Hot soapy water, cream cleaner/scourer if necessary.
Oven and Grill		
Part	Finish	Recommended Cleaning Method
		Any proprietary oven cleaner that is suitable for enamel.
Sides, floor & roof of oven NOT 'COOK & CLEAN' OVEN PANELS (see below)	Enamel	CAUTION: CORROSIVE/CAUSTIC OVEN CLEANERS: FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.
		Do not allow contact with the oven elements.
'Cook & Clean' oven panels (some models only)	Special enamel that partly cleans itself	This surface cleans itself at 200 °C and above, or the panels can be removed and washed with hot soapy water and a nylon brush.
Oven shelves, Handyrack, grill trivet	Chrome	An oven interior cleaner that is suitable for chrome. Soap filled pad. Dishwasher.
Grill pan/meat tin (some models only)	Enamel	Hot soapy water. Soap filled pad. Dishwasher.

Table 7.1

8. Troubleshooting

Interference with and repairs to the hob MUST NOT be carried out by unqualified persons. Do not try to repair the hob as this may result in injury and damage to the hob. Please arrange for repair by a suitably competent person.

Note: The induction hob is able to self-diagnose a number of problems and can show this information to the user via the hob control display. Error codes may be displayed if your hob has developed a fault.

If your appliance reports an error or is not working, you may be able to correct the fault by consulting the following.

Error code E2 is displayed

The electronic unit is too hot. Please check the installation of the cooker, making sure that there is sufficient ventilation. In extreme cases, if a cooking utensil has been allowed to boil dry this error code may also be displayed. If in doubt please contact your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

No display operation

Over voltage or loss of supply voltage to the cooker. If in doubt please contact your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

Error code U400 is displayed

The cooker has been incorrectly connected. The control will switch off after approximately 1 second and the error code will be permanently displayed.

Consult your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

Error code Er followed by a number is displayed

The appliance has developed an internal technical fault that cannot be rectified by the user.

Consult your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

The fuse blows or the RCD trips regularly

Please contact your installer or a qualified repair engineer.

The cooker will not switch on

Has the wiring system in the house blown a fuse or tripped an RCD?

Has the cooker been correctly connected to the mains supply?

The induction hob is noisy

When using the induction hob there may be some 'noise' emitted from the pan. This is normal and may be most noticeable when cooking on high power settings or if 5 pans are used simultaneously. The type of pan may also contribute to induction 'noise'.

The cooling fan

The induction hob incorporates a cooling fan. This cooling fan is active when either the grill or the oven(s) are on. Under certain conditions, the cooling fan may remain active when the grill or oven(s) are switched off. This is normal and the fan will switch off automatically.

The fascia gets hot when I use the oven

If the fascia becomes excessively hot when the cooker is in use then the cooling fan may have failed. Should this occur please contact your installer, a qualified repair engineer or Customer Service to arrange for its repair.

A crack has appeared in the hob surface

Disconnect the cooker immediately from the power supply and arrange for its repair. Do not use the cooker until after the repair.

My hob is scratched

Always use the cleaning methods recommended in this guide, and make sure that the pan bottoms are smooth and clean.

Marks from mineral deposits from water or food can be removed with a cleaning cream. However, tiny scratches are not removable but will become less visible in time as a result of cleaning.

The oven fan is noisy

The note of the oven fan may change as the oven heats up – this is perfectly normal.

The knobs get hot when I use the oven or grill. Can I avoid this?

Yes, this is caused by heat rising from the oven or the grill, and heating them up. Do not leave the oven door open. Make sure that the grill pan is pushed right back to the 'back stop' when grilling.

ALWAYS grill with the grill compartment door open.

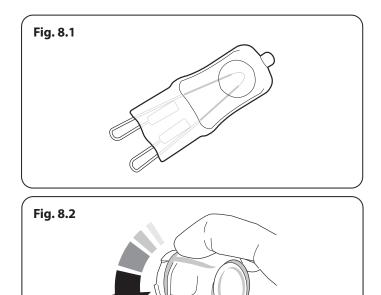
DO NOT leave the oven door open.

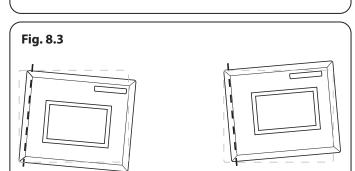
If there is an installation problem and I don't get my original installer to come back to fix it, who pays?

You do. Service organisations will charge for their call-outs if they are correcting work carried out by your original installer. Therefore, it's in your own interest to keep track of this installer so that you can contact them as required.

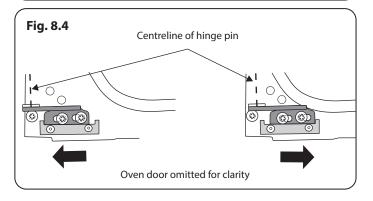
Food is cooking too slowly, too quickly, or burning

Cooking times may differ from your previous oven. Check that you are using the recommended temperatures and shelf positions – see the oven cooking guide. Then adjust the settings according to your own individual tastes.





Effect of hinge adjustment – exagerrated for clarity



The oven light is not working

The bulb has probably blown. You can buy a replacement bulb (which is not covered under the guarantee) from most electrical stores. Ask for a 40W – 230V halogen lamp (G9) (**Fig. 8.1**).

Before removing the existing bulb, turn off the power supply and make sure that the oven is cool. Open the oven door and remove the oven shelves.

Locate the bulb cover and unscrew it by turning it counterclockwise – it may be very stiff (**Fig. 8.2**).

Pull the existing bulb to remove it. When handling the replacement bulb, avoid touching the glass with your fingers, as oils from your hands can cause premature failure. Push, click in the replacement bulb.

The oven door is misaligned

The bottom hinge of either oven door can be adjusted to alter the angle of the door (**Fig. 8.3**). Loosen the bottom hinge fixing screws and use the notch and a flat bladed screwdriver to move the position of the hinge to set the hinge position (**Fig. 8.4**).

The oven is not cooking evenly

Do not use a baking tray with dimensions larger than those specified in the section on 'General Oven Tips'.

If you are cooking a large item, be prepared to turn it round during cooking.

If two shelves are used, check that space has been left for the heat to circulate. When a baking tray is put into the oven, make sure that it is placed centrally on the shelf.

Check that the door seal is not damaged and that the door catch is adjusted so that the door is held firmly against the seal.

A dish of water when placed on the shelf should be the same depth all over. (For example, if it is deeper at the back, then the back of the cooker should be raised up or the front lowered.) If the cooker is not level, arrange for your supplier to level it for you.

Power failure

In the event of a failure in the electrical supply, remember to reset the clock so that the timed oven continues to operate.

The timed oven is not coming on when turned on manually

Is the power on? Is the clock illuminated? If not, there may be something wrong with the power supply. Is the cooker supply on at the isolator switch?

Has the time of day been set?

The timed oven is not coming on when automatic cooking

Has the oven knob been left in the OFF position by mistake?

Oven temperature getting hotter as the cooker gets older

If turning the temperature down using the oven control knob has not worked, or has only worked for a short time, then you may need a new thermostat. This should be fitted by a service person.

INSTALLATION Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

9. Installation

Dear Installer

Before you start your installation, please complete the details below, so that, if your customer has a problem relating to your installation, they will be able to contact you easily.

Installer's Name	
Installer's Company	
Installer's Telephone Number	
Appliance Serial Number	

Safety Requirements and Regulations

- This cooker must be installed in accordance with the relevant instructions in this booklet, with the relevant national and local regulations, and with the local electricity supply companies' requirements.
- The appliance must be installed in accordance with the regulations in force and only in a well ventilated space.

Read the instructions before installing or using this appliance.

Provision of Ventilation

This appliance is not connected to a combustion products evacuation device. Therefore, particular attention must be given to the relevant requirements regarding ventilation.

All rooms require a window that can be opened, or equivalent, while some rooms require a permanent vent in addition to the window.

Location of Cooker

The cooker may be installed in a kitchen/kitchen diner but NOT in a room containing a bath or shower.



This appliance is designed for domestic cooking only. Use for any other purpose could invalidate any warranty or liability claim.

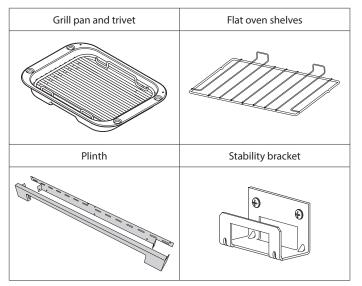
You will need the following equipment to complete the cooker installation satisfactorily:

• Multimeter (for electrical checks).

You will also need the following tools:

- 1. Steel tape measure
- 2. Cross-head screwdriver
- 3. Flat-bladed screwdriver
- 4. Spirit level
- 5. Pencil
- 6. Adjustable spanner
- 7. 3 mm and 4 mm Allen keys
- 8. 13 mm spanner or socket wrench

Checking the parts:



INSTALLATION Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.

Positioning the Cooker

Fig. 9.1 and **Fig. 9.2** show the minimum recommended distance from the cooker to nearby surfaces.

The cooker should not be placed on a base.

Fig. 9.1 and **Fig. 9.2** Cookers installed into recess: The cooker must have side clearance **ABOVE** hob level of 75mm up to a height of 410mm. This can be reduced to 25mm if the surface of the side wall is non-combustible.

A minimum space of 650 mm is required between the top of the hob and a horizontal combustible surface.

*Any cookerhood should be installed in accordance with the hood manufacturer's instructions.

**Any splashback must be fitted in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. Allowance should be made for the additional height of the flue trim, which is fitted to the cooker hob.

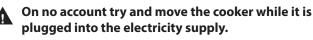
Surfaces of furniture and walls at the sides and rear of the appliance should be heat, splash and steam resistant. Certain types of vinyl or laminate kitchen furniture are particularly prone to heat damage and discolouration. We cannot accept responsibility for damage caused by normal use of the cooker to any material that de-laminates or discolours at temperatures less than 65 °C above room temperature.

DO NOT box the cooker in – it must be possible to move the cooker in and out for cleaning and servicing.

If the cooker is near a corner of the kitchen, a clearance of 130 mm is required to allow the oven doors to open **(Fig. 9.3)**. The actual opening of the doors is slightly less, but this allows for some protection of your hand as you open the door.

Moving the Cooker

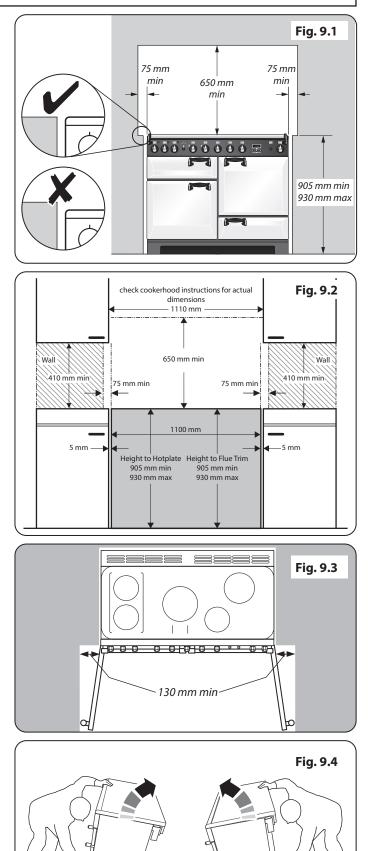
Α



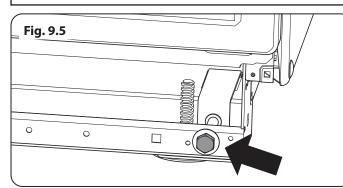
The cooker is very heavy, so take great care.

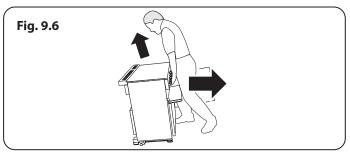
We recommend two people manoeuvre the cooker. Make sure that the floor covering is firmly fixed, or removed to prevent it being disturbed when moving the cooker around. To help you, there are two levelling rollers at the back and two screw-down levelling feet at the front.

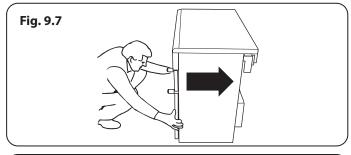
Remove the polystyrene base pack. From the front, tilt the cooker backwards and remove the front half of the polystyrene base (**Fig. 9.4**). Repeat from the back and remove the rear half of the polystyrene base.

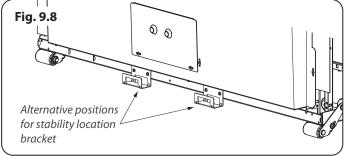


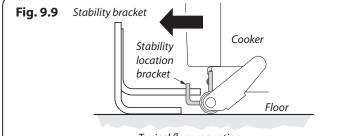
INSTALLATION Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.



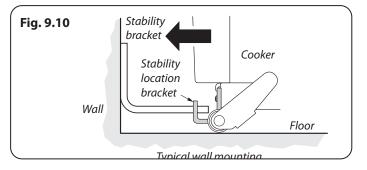








Typical floor mounting



Lowering the Two Rear Rollers

To adjust the height of the rear of the cooker, first fit a 13 mm spanner or socket wrench onto the hexagonal adjusting nut **(Fig. 9.5)**.

Rotate the nut – clockwise to raise – counter-clockwise to lower. Make 10 complete (360°) turns clockwise.

Make sure you lower BOTH REAR ROLLERS.

Completing the Move

Unfold the rear edge of the cardboard base tray. Open the grill door and right-hand oven door so that you can get a good grip on the bottom of the fascia panel as you move the oven **(Fig. 9.6)**.

Carefully push the cooker backwards off the base tray. Remove the base tray.

Position the cooker close to its final position, leaving just enough space to get behind it **Fig. 9.7**).

DO NOT use the door handles or control knobs to manoeuvre the cooker.

Fitting the Stability Bracket

We recommend using a stability bracket; first attach the bracket location device to the rear of the cooker (**Fig. 9.8**). Then adjust the bracket to engage through the slot of the device (**Fig. 9.9** and **Fig. 9.10**).

Repositioning the Cooker Following Connection

If you need to move the cooker once it has been connected, make sure it is switched off at the supply switch before gripping under the fascia panel and lifting the front of the cooker slightly (**Fig. 9.6**). Check behind the cooker to make sure that the electricity cable is not caught. As you progress, always make sure that the cable has sufficient slack to allow the cooker to move.

When you replace the cooker, check behind it again once more to make sure that the electricity cable is not caught or trapped.

Levelling the Cooker

Place the cooker in its intended position. Take care not to twist it within the gap between the kitchen units, as otherwise, damage may occur to the cooker or units.

There are two screw-down feet at the front and two levelling rollers at the rear, which can be used to adjust the height and level of the cooker.

It is recommended that you use a spirit level on a shelf in one of the ovens to check for level.

Electrical Connection

The cooker must be installed by a qualified electrician, in accordance with all relevant national and local regulations.

WARNING: THE APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

Note: The cooker must be connected to the correct electrical supply as stated on the voltage label on the cooker, through a suitable cooker control unit incorporating a double-pole switch, having a contact separation of at least 3 mm in all poles.

The cooker MUST NOT be connected to an ordinary domestic power point.

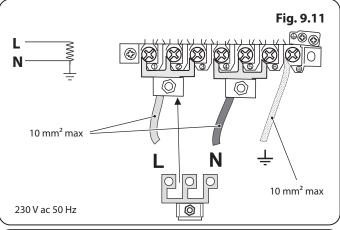
Access to the mains terminal is gained by removing the electrical terminal cover box on the back panel. Connect the mains cable to the correct terminals for your electrical supply type (**Fig. 9.11** and **Fig. 9.12**). Check that the links are correctly fitted and that the terminal screws are tight.

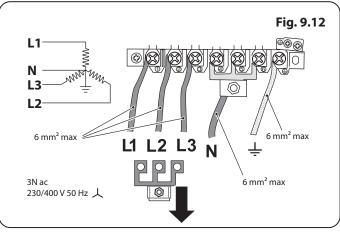
Secure the mains cable using the cable clamp.

Current Operated Earth Leakage Breakers

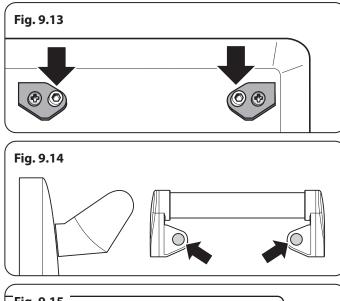
The combined use of your induction cooker and other domestic appliances may cause nuisance tripping, so we recommend that the cooker is protected on an individual RCD (Residual Current Device) or RCBO (Residual Current Breaker with Overload).

IF IN DOUBT, PLEASE CONSULT A SUITABLY QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.

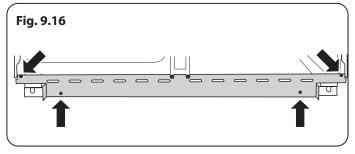


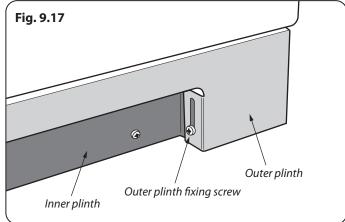


INSTALLATION Check the appliance is electrically safe when you have finished.









Final Checks

Hob Check

Check each cooking zone in turn. Be sure to use pans of the correct size and material.

Grill Check

Turn on the grill control and check that the grill heats up.

Oven Check

Set the clock as described earlier, and then turn on the ovens. Check the oven fans start to turn and that the ovens heat up.

Final Fitting

Fitting the Handles and Handrail

Remove the 4 mm Allen screws from the doors (**Fig. 9.13**). Fit the door handles and secure using the 4 mm screws.

The handles should be above the fixings.

Fit the plastic blanking plugs to the fixing holes (Fig. 9.14).

Remove the 4 mm Allen screws from the top corners of the fascia (**Fig. 9.15**). Fit the front handrail in position and secure using the 4 mm screws.

Fitting the 2-piece Plinth

Fit the inner plinth to the bottom front of the cooker using the 4 screws provided (**Fig. 9.16**).

Fit the outer plinth (2 screws, 1 each end) to the inner plinth. The height of the outer plinth can be adjusted by sliding it up or down via the slotted hole (**Fig. 9.17**).

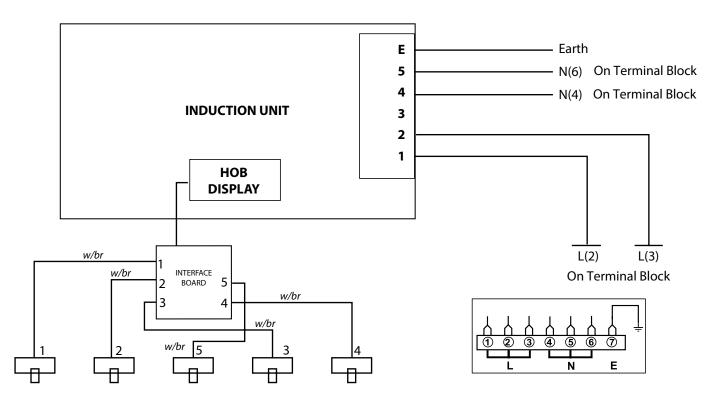
Customer Care

Installer: Please complete your details in this guide, inform the user how to operate the cooker and hand over the instructions.

Thank you.

10. Circuit Diagrams

Hob



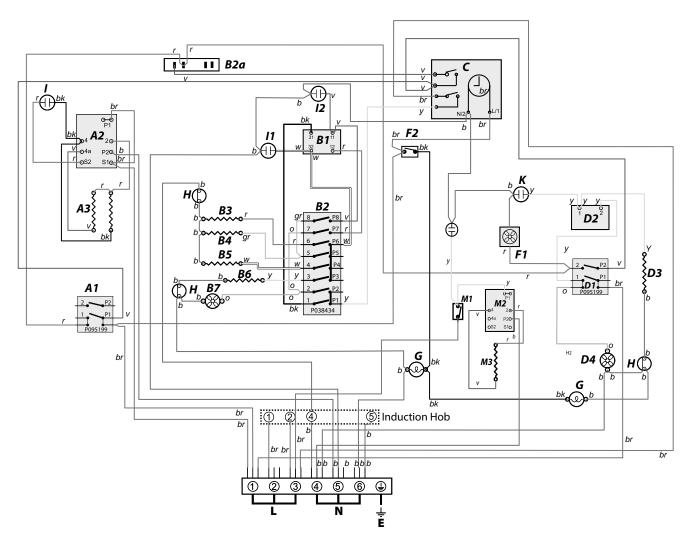
Key

The connections shown in the circuit diagram are for single-phase. The ratings are for 230V 50 Hz.

Code	Description	
1	Left-hand front element	
2	Left-hand rear element	
3	Right-hand rear element	
4	Right-hand front element	
5	Centre element	

Code	Colour
w/br	White/brown

Multifunction Oven



Key

The connections shown in the circuit diagram are for single-phase. The ratings are for 230V 50 Hz.

Code	Description	Code	Description	Code	Colour
A 1	Grill front switch	D3	Right-hand fan oven element	b	Blue
A2	Grill energy control	D4	Right-hand fan oven fan	br	Brown
A3	Grill elements	F1	Cooling fan	bk	Black
B1	Multi-function oven thermostat	F2	Oven light switch	or	Orange
B2	Multi-function oven control	G	Oven light(s)	r	Red
B2a	Multi-function oven thermostat front switch	н	Thermal cut-out	v	Violet
B3	Left-hand multi-function oven base element	I	Grill neon	w	White
B4	Left-hand multi-function oven top element (outer pair)	1	Multi-function oven neon	У	Yellow
DE	Left-hand multi-function oven browning element	12	Rapid heat-up neon	g/y	Green/yellow
B5	(inner pair)	К	Right Hand oven neon	gr	Grey
B6	Left-hand multi-function oven fan element	M1	Proving drawer switch		
B7	Left-hand multi-function oven fan	M2	Proving drawer energy regulator		
С	Clock	M3	Proving draw element		
D1	Right-hand fan oven thermostat		1]	
D2	Right-hand fan oven control				

11. Technical Data

INSTALLER: Please leave these instructions with the user.

DATA BADGE LOCATION: Cooker back, serial number repeater badge below the oven door opening.

COUNTRY OF DESTINATION: GB, IE, FR, NL, DE, SE, BE, AT, CH, LU.

Connection

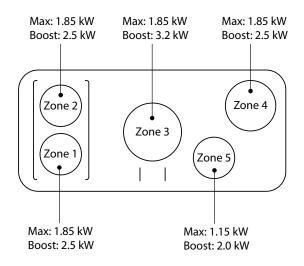
Electric 230/40)V ~ 50 Hz 3N
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Dimensions

Total height	Min 905 mm	Max 930 mm
Total width	1100 mm	
Total depth:	608 mm excluding handles, 685 mm including handles	
Minimum space above hotplate 650 mm		mm

See "Positioning the Cooker".

Ratings



Hotplate energy saving tips

Use cookware with a flat base.

Use the correct size cookware.

Use cookware with a lid.

Minimise the amount of liquid or fat.

When liquid starts boiling, reduce the setting.

Once the desired griddle temperature has been reached, reduce the setting.

Oven energy saving tips

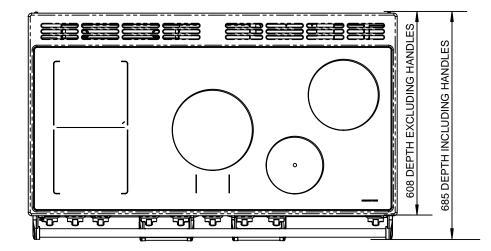
Cook meals together, if possible.

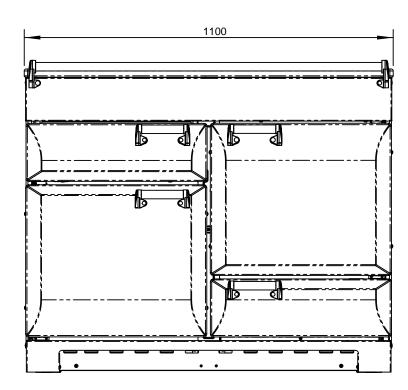
Keep the pre-heating time short.

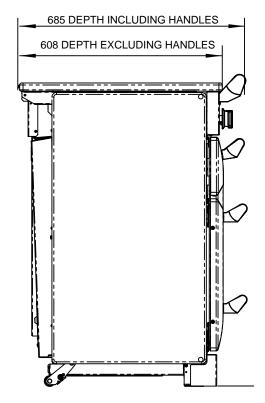
Do not lengthen cooking time.

Do not open the oven door during the cooking period.

Do not forget to turn the appliance off at the end of cooking.









Hotplate Efficiency Data

Brand	Rangemaster
Model Identification	Leckford Deluxe
Size	110
Туре	Induction
Type of Hob	Induction
Number of electric zones	5
Zone 1 - Ø cm	18
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	176
Zone 2 - Ø cm	18
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	176
Zone 3 - Ø cm	21
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	180
Zone 4 - Ø cm	18
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	169
Zone 5 - Ø cm	14.5
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	183
Zone 6 - Ø cm	-
Heating Technology	
Energy Consumption (ECElectric cooking) - Wh/kg	-
Energy Consumption (ECElectric hob) - Wh/kg (*)	177

Information marked thus (*) is not required with mixed fuel hobs

Oven Data

Brand		Rangemaster
Model identification		Leckford Deluxe
Mass	kg	132
Type of oven		Electric
Number of cavities		2
Left-hand Efficiency		
Fuel type		Electric
Cavity type		Multifunction
Power - conventional		2.2
Power - forced air convection		2.5
Volume	Litres	79
Energy consumption (electricity) - conventional	kWh / cycle	1.01
Energy consumption (electricity) - forced air convection	kWh / cycle	0.88
Energy efficiency index - conventional		114
Energy efficiency index - forced air convection		100
Energy class		A
Right-hand Efficiency		
Fuel type		Electric
Cavity type		Fanned
Power - conventional		-
Power - forced air convection		2.5
Volume	Litres	79
Energy consumption (electricity) - conventional	kWh / cycle	-
Energy consumption (electricity) - forced air convection	kWh / cycle	0.83
Energy efficiency index - conventional		-
Energy efficiency index - forced air convection		94.4
Energy class		A
Additional Information		
The oven complies with EN 60350-1		
Maximum output @ 230V 50Hz		
Conventional		-
M Ltf		

Conventional	-
Multifunction	-
Multifunction (with Rapid Response)	3.7 kW
Forced Air Convection	2.5 kW
Grill	2.3 kW
Slow Oven	-
Bread Proving Drawer	0.2 kW

Maximum total electrical load at 230 V (approximate total including hob, oven lights, oven fan, etc.):	
Leckford Deluxe	16.24 kW

Clarence Street, Royal Leamington Spa, Warwickshire, CV31 2AD, England. www.falconworld.com